

電磁気学要論演習第三回解答

1. (a) $\nabla f = \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \mathbf{i} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \mathbf{j} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} \mathbf{k} = \mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}$

(b) $\nabla f = \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \mathbf{i} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \mathbf{j} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} \mathbf{k} = yz\mathbf{i} + xz\mathbf{j} + xy\mathbf{k}$

よって P(-1,1,1) における勾配は $\mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j} - \mathbf{k}$ となる。

(c) $\nabla f = \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \mathbf{i} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \mathbf{j} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} \mathbf{k} = yz \cos(xyz)\mathbf{i} + xz \cos(xyz)\mathbf{j} + xy \cos(xyz)\mathbf{k}$

よって P(-1,1,1) における勾配は $\frac{\pi}{6}\mathbf{i} + \frac{1}{6}\mathbf{j} + \frac{\pi}{2}\mathbf{k}$ となる。

(d) $\nabla f = \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \mathbf{i} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \mathbf{j} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} \mathbf{k} = -2e^{-2x} \cos(yz)\mathbf{i} - ze^{-2x} \sin(yz)\mathbf{j} - ye^{-2x} \sin(yz)\mathbf{k}$

よって P(0, π , 1/4) における勾配は $-\sqrt{2}\mathbf{i} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{8}\mathbf{j} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\pi}{2}\mathbf{k}$ となる。

2. (a) $\mathbf{A} = (a_1, a_2, a_3)$ 、 $\mathbf{B} = (b_1, b_2, b_3)$ とする。

$$\begin{aligned} \nabla \cdot (\mathbf{A} \times \mathbf{B}) &= \nabla \cdot \{ (a_2 b_3 - a_3 b_2)\mathbf{i} + (a_3 b_1 - a_1 b_3)\mathbf{j} + (a_1 b_2 - a_2 b_1)\mathbf{k} \} \\ &= \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (a_2 b_3 - a_3 b_2) + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (a_3 b_1 - a_1 b_3) + \frac{\partial}{\partial z} (a_1 b_2 - a_2 b_1) \end{aligned}$$

$$= a_2 \frac{\partial b_3}{\partial x} + b_3 \frac{\partial a_2}{\partial x} - a_3 \frac{\partial b_2}{\partial x} - b_2 \frac{\partial a_3}{\partial x} + a_3 \frac{\partial b_1}{\partial y} + b_1 \frac{\partial a_3}{\partial y}$$

$$- a_1 \frac{\partial b_3}{\partial y} - b_3 \frac{\partial a_1}{\partial y} + a_1 \frac{\partial b_2}{\partial z} + b_2 \frac{\partial a_1}{\partial z} - a_2 \frac{\partial b_1}{\partial z} - b_1 \frac{\partial a_2}{\partial z} \quad (2.1)$$

一方、

$$\mathbf{B} \cdot (\nabla \times \mathbf{A}) - \mathbf{A} \cdot (\nabla \times \mathbf{B}) = \mathbf{B} \cdot \left\{ \left(\frac{\partial a_3}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial a_2}{\partial z} \right) \mathbf{i} + \left(\frac{\partial a_1}{\partial z} - \frac{\partial a_3}{\partial x} \right) \mathbf{j} + \left(\frac{\partial a_2}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial a_1}{\partial y} \right) \mathbf{k} \right\}$$

$$- \mathbf{A} \cdot \left\{ \left(\frac{\partial b_3}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial b_2}{\partial z} \right) \mathbf{i} + \left(\frac{\partial b_1}{\partial z} - \frac{\partial b_3}{\partial x} \right) \mathbf{j} + \left(\frac{\partial b_2}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial b_1}{\partial y} \right) \mathbf{k} \right\}$$

$$= b_1 \frac{\partial a_3}{\partial y} - b_1 \frac{\partial a_2}{\partial z} + b_2 \frac{\partial a_1}{\partial z} - b_2 \frac{\partial a_3}{\partial x} + b_3 \frac{\partial a_2}{\partial x} - b_3 \frac{\partial a_1}{\partial y}$$

$$- a_1 \frac{\partial b_3}{\partial y} + a_1 \frac{\partial b_2}{\partial z} - a_2 \frac{\partial b_1}{\partial z} + a_2 \frac{\partial b_3}{\partial x} - a_3 \frac{\partial b_2}{\partial x} + a_3 \frac{\partial b_1}{\partial y} \quad (2.2)$$

式(2.1)と式(2.2)より、

$$\nabla \cdot (\mathbf{A} \times \mathbf{B}) = \mathbf{B} \cdot (\nabla \times \mathbf{A}) - \mathbf{A} \cdot (\nabla \times \mathbf{B})$$

が示された。

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{(b) } \nabla \times (\nabla \varphi) &= \nabla \times \left(\frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial x} \mathbf{i} + \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial y} \mathbf{j} + \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial z} \mathbf{k} \right) \\
 &= \left(\frac{\partial^2 \varphi}{\partial y \partial z} - \frac{\partial^2 \varphi}{\partial z \partial y} \right) \mathbf{i} + \left(\frac{\partial^2 \varphi}{\partial z \partial x} - \frac{\partial^2 \varphi}{\partial x \partial z} \right) \mathbf{j} + \left(\frac{\partial^2 \varphi}{\partial x \partial y} - \frac{\partial^2 \varphi}{\partial y \partial x} \right) \mathbf{k} \\
 &= 0
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{(c) } \nabla \cdot (\nabla \times \mathbf{A}) &= \nabla \cdot \left\{ \left(\frac{\partial a_3}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial a_2}{\partial z} \right) \mathbf{i} + \left(\frac{\partial a_1}{\partial z} - \frac{\partial a_3}{\partial x} \right) \mathbf{j} + \left(\frac{\partial a_2}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial a_1}{\partial y} \right) \mathbf{k} \right\} \\
 &= \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\frac{\partial a_3}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial a_2}{\partial z} \right) + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left(\frac{\partial a_1}{\partial z} - \frac{\partial a_3}{\partial x} \right) + \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left(\frac{\partial a_2}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial a_1}{\partial y} \right) \\
 &= \frac{\partial^2 a_3}{\partial x \partial y} - \frac{\partial^2 a_2}{\partial x \partial z} + \frac{\partial^2 a_1}{\partial y \partial z} - \frac{\partial^2 a_3}{\partial y \partial x} + \frac{\partial^2 a_2}{\partial z \partial x} - \frac{\partial^2 a_1}{\partial z \partial y} \\
 &= 0
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{3. (a) } \nabla \varphi \cdot \mathbf{A} &= \left\{ \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (2x^2 yz^3) \mathbf{i} + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (2x^2 yz^3) \mathbf{j} + \frac{\partial}{\partial z} (2x^2 yz^3) \mathbf{k} \right\} \cdot (2yz\mathbf{i} - x^2 y\mathbf{j} + xz^2\mathbf{k}) \\
 &= (4xyz^3 \mathbf{i} + 2x^2 z^3 \mathbf{j} + 6x^2 yz^2 \mathbf{k}) \cdot (2yz\mathbf{i} - x^2 y\mathbf{j} + xz^2\mathbf{k}) \\
 &= 8xy^2 z^4 - 2x^4 yz^3 + 6x^3 yz^4
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{(b) } \varphi \nabla \cdot \mathbf{A} &= 2x^2 yz^3 \left\{ \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (2yz) - \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (x^2 y) + \frac{\partial}{\partial z} (xz^2) \right\} \\
 &= 2x^2 yz^3 \cdot (-x^2 + 2xz) \\
 &= -2x^4 yz^3 + 4x^3 yz^4
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{(c) } \nabla \cdot (\varphi \mathbf{A}) &= \nabla \cdot (4x^2 y^2 z^4 \mathbf{i} - 2x^4 y^2 z^3 \mathbf{j} + 2x^3 yz^5 \mathbf{k}) \\
 &= \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (4x^2 y^2 z^4) - \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (2x^4 y^2 z^3) + \frac{\partial}{\partial z} (2x^3 yz^5) \\
 &= 8xy^2 z^4 - 4x^4 yz^3 + 10x^3 yz^4
 \end{aligned}$$

(a) ~ (c) の結果より、 $\nabla \varphi \cdot \mathbf{A} + \varphi \nabla \cdot \mathbf{A} = \nabla \cdot (\varphi \mathbf{A})$ であることが確認できる。

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{(d) } (\mathbf{B} \cdot \nabla) \mathbf{A} &= \left(x^2 \frac{\partial}{\partial x} + yz \frac{\partial}{\partial y} - xy \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \right) (2yz\mathbf{i} - x^2 y\mathbf{j} + xz^2\mathbf{k}) \\
 &= (2yz^2 - 2xy^2) \mathbf{i} - (2x^3 y + x^2 yz) \mathbf{j} + (x^2 z^2 - 2x^2 yz) \mathbf{k}
 \end{aligned}$$

(e)

$$\begin{aligned}(\mathbf{A} \times \nabla)\varphi &= \left\{ \left(-x^2 y \frac{\partial}{\partial z} - xz^2 \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \right) \mathbf{i} + \left(xz^2 \frac{\partial}{\partial x} - 2yz \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \right) \mathbf{j} + \left(2yz \frac{\partial}{\partial y} + x^2 y \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \right) \mathbf{k} \right\} 2x^2 yz^3 \\ &= -(6x^4 y^2 z^2 + 2x^3 z^5) \mathbf{i} + (4x^2 yz^5 - 12x^2 y^2 z^3) \mathbf{j} + (4x^2 yz^4 + 4x^3 y^2 z^3) \mathbf{k}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}(\text{f}) \quad \mathbf{A} \times \nabla \varphi &= (2yzi - x^2 yj + xz^2 k) \times \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \mathbf{i} + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \mathbf{j} + \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \mathbf{k} \right) 2x^2 yz^3 \\ &= (2yzi - x^2 yj + xz^2 k) \times (4xyz^3 \mathbf{i} + 2x^2 z^3 \mathbf{j} + 6x^2 yz^2 \mathbf{k}) \\ &= -(6x^4 y^2 z^2 + 2x^3 z^5) \mathbf{i} + (4x^2 yz^5 - 12x^2 y^2 z^3) \mathbf{j} + (4x^2 yz^4 + 4x^3 y^2 z^3) \mathbf{k}\end{aligned}$$

(e), (f)の結果より $(\mathbf{A} \times \nabla)\varphi = \mathbf{A} \times \nabla \varphi$ であることが確認できる。

4. $\nabla \cdot \mathbf{A} = z^3 - 2x^2 z + 8yz^3$

$$\nabla \times \mathbf{A} = (2z^4 + 2x^2 y) \mathbf{i} + 3xz^2 \mathbf{j} - 4xyz \mathbf{k}$$

よって、点 P(1, -1, 1) においては $\nabla \cdot \mathbf{A} = -9$ 、 $\nabla \times \mathbf{A} = 3\mathbf{j} + 4\mathbf{k}$ となる。